



Financial Statements

June 30, 2024 and 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Ballet Arizona

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ballet Arizona (the Ballet), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Ballet as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Ballet and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Ballet's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Baker Tilly US, LLP

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Ballet's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Ballet's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Tempe, Arizona December 6, 2024

Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Assets		
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Promises to give, current portion Employee Retention Tax Credit receivable Prepaid expenses Other current assets	\$ 2,406,406 108,779 290,654 265,352 96,274 20,408	\$ 3,969,752 110,057 669,894 265,352 138,652 19,156
Total current assets	 3,187,873	 5,172,863
Assets Restricted for Long-Term Purposes Promise to give for donor restricted endowment Promise to give for board designated endowment	1,107,771 -	 2,100,000 26,000
	1,107,771	 2,126,000
Promises to Give, Net of Current Portion Discount of \$12,493 and \$3,148, respectively; and allowance of \$10,000 and \$10,000, respectively	77,507	196,852
Investments Operating Donor restricted endowment Board designated endowment Board designated reserves	168,208 7,507,966 1,645,608 2,561,548 11,883,330	 184,200 4,769,642 1,219,750 2,697,162 8,870,754
Operating Lease Right-of-Use Assets	 43,096	 97,439
Property and Equipment, Net	 2,931,535	 2,871,662
Total assets	\$ 19,231,112	\$ 19,335,570

Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 442,219	\$ 410,577
Advance ticket sales Deferred tuition revenue	355,257	297,258
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	193,050 25,010	159,663 54,883
	-,-	,
Total current liabilities	1,015,536	922,381
Operating Lease Liabilities, Net of Current	 18,140	 43,150
Total liabilities	1,033,676	965,531
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions:		
Board designated	4,207,156	3,942,912
Undesignated	 4,251,490	 5,816,515
	8,458,646	9,759,427
With donor restrictions	9,738,790	8,610,612
Total net assets	 18,197,436	 18,370,039
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 19,231,112	\$ 19,335,570

Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	Without With Donor Donor			Without Donor	2023 With Donor	
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total
Support and Earned Revenues						
Ticket sales	\$ 3,674,585	\$ -	\$ 3,674,585	\$ 3,691,513	\$ -	\$ 3,691,513
Ticket handling fees	426,683	-	426,683	454,384	-	454,384
Ballet school tuition	1,189,752	-	1,189,752	1,269,483	-	1,269,483
Government grants Employee Retention Tax Credit	192,311	-	192,311	1,019,323 26,076	-	1,019,323 26,076
Contributions	1,540,856	2,070,530	3,611,386	970,555	4,392,601	5,363,156
Special event contributions	393,531	2,070,330	393,531	282,037	4,392,001	282,037
In-kind contributions	149,665	_	149,665	165,294	_	165,294
Other revenue	90,642	_	90,642	102,141	_	102,141
Net assets released from restrictions	1,770,861	(1,770,861)		1,749,069	(1,749,069)	
	9,428,886	299,669	9,728,555	9,729,875	2,643,532	12,373,407
Retail Sales						
Boutique sales	172,135	-	172,135	147,130	-	147,130
Boutique cost of sales	(113,436)		(113,436)	(86,456)		(86,456)
	58,699		58,699	60,674		60,674
Special Events						
Special events revenue	146,420	-	146,420	246,600	-	246,600
Direct benefit to donors	(217,349)		(217,349)	(156,473)		(156,473)
	(70,929)		(70,929)	90,127		90,127
Total support and earned revenues	9,416,656	299,669	9,716,325	9,880,676	2,643,532	12,524,208
Operating Expenses						
Program services Supporting services:	7,693,088	-	7,693,088	6,746,664	-	6,746,664
Management and general	2,563,695	-	2,563,695	2,601,461	-	2,601,461
Fundraising	821,038		821,038	609,225		609,225
Total operation expenses	11,077,821		11,077,821	9,957,349		9,957,349
Change in net assets from operating activities	(1,661,165)	299,669	(1,361,496)	(76,673)	2,643,532	2,566,859
Investment return	360,384	828,509	1,188,893	208,424	407,100	615,524
Change in net assets	(1,300,781)	1,128,178	(172,603)	131,751	3,050,632	3,182,383
Net Assets, Beginning	9,759,427	8,610,612	18,370,039	9,627,676	5,559,980	15,187,656
Net Assets, Ending	\$ 8,458,646	\$ 9,738,790	\$ 18,197,436	\$ 9,759,427	\$ 8,610,612	\$ 18,370,039

Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Education and		Supportin	Supporting Services		
			Community	Total	Management		Direct Donor Benefit	
	Production	School	Engagement	Program	and General	d General Fundraising		Total
Personnel Costs								
Salaries and wages	\$ 2,448,693	\$ 707,192	\$ 144,097	\$ 3,299,982	\$ 611,739	\$ 335,742	\$ -	\$ 4,247,463
Employee benefits and payroll taxes	748,287	195,389	43,738	987,414	249,254	96,048	Ψ -	1,332,716
= mproyee zerreme and payren taxes	,20.	,	,					.,002,
Total personnel costs	3,196,980	902,581	187,835	4,287,396	860,993	431,790	-	5,580,179
Production costs	2,170,630	84,161	4,008	2,258,799	62,483	99,195	-	2,420,477
Marketing and advertising	2,094	54,690	8,317	65,101	630,008	9,429	-	704,538
Occupancy	296,947	93,158	7,367	397,472	19,231	10,870	95,101	522,674
Computers and software	48,417	36,928	3,042	88,387	36,570	41,969	-	166,926
Professional fees	9,274	124,185	7,229	140,688	527,403	65,364	=	733,455
Publications	2,435	3,564	1,902	7,901	144,211	48,215	-	200,327
Bank and credit card fees	25,303	30,140	1,455	56,898	190,207	12,878	=	259,983
Bad debt expense	-	=	=	=	9,728	=	=	9,728
Licenses and subscriptions	4,273	150	77	4,500	11,817	3,296	=	19,613
Transportation	46,689	15,856	30	62,575	30,696	940	=	94,211
Cost of goods sold	95,054	18,383	=	113,437	-	=	=	113,437
Supplies	822	474	3,120	4,416	19,212	1,746	25,327	50,701
Insurance	44,377	18,952	1,335	64,664	3,003	1,735	=	69,402
Other	9,849	767	296	10,912	6,830	87,081	96,921	201,744
Depreciation	167,025	71,331	5,023	243,379	11,303	6,530		261,212
Total operating expenses	6,120,169	1,455,320	231,036	7,806,525	2,563,695	821,038	217,349	11,408,607
Amounts Reported in Total Support and Other								
Revenue on the Statement of Activities								
Cost of goods sold	(95,054)	(18,383)	=	(113,437)	=	=	=	(113,437)
Direct benefit to donors		-	-	-			(217,349)	(217,349)
Total expenses	\$ 6,025,115	\$ 1,436,937	\$ 231,036	\$ 7,693,088	\$ 2,563,695	\$ 821,038	\$ -	\$ 11,077,821

Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2023 *

				Edu	cation and			Supporting Services					
	_				mmunity	Total		nagement	_		Direct Do		
	Proc	duction	 School	Eng	gagement	Program	and	d General	<u>Fu</u>	ındraising	Benefi	ıt	 Total
Personnel Costs													
Salaries and wages	\$ 2	2,154,619	\$ 669,857	\$	89,864	\$ 2,914,340	\$	548,028	\$	256,883	\$	-	\$ 3,719,251
Employee benefits and payroll taxes		545,799	 119,831		21,326	 686,957		423,049		64,639			 1,174,645
Total personnel costs	2	2,700,418	789,688		111,190	3,601,297		971,077		321,522		-	4,893,896
Production costs	2	2,103,851	59,862		2,367	2,166,080		64,620		1,244		-	2,231,944
Marketing and advertising		-	68,211		4,364	72,575		622,976		7,241		-	702,792
Occupancy		172,534	75,724		8,617	256,875		23,314		13,739	24	4,707	318,635
Computers and software		40,586	34,888		1,392	76,866		36,617		50,006		-	163,489
Professional fees		7,140	81,497		19,569	108,205		516,633		52,167		-	677,005
Publications		17,601	5,612		4,501	27,714		111,134		47,072		-	185,920
Bank and credit card fees		3,474	20,533		=	24,008		181,532		7,629		-	213,169
Bad debt expense		-	=		=	=		8,079		=		-	8,079
Licenses and subscriptions		2,712	1,424		-	4,135		12,818		2,196		-	19,149
Transportation		72,934	10,761		925	84,620		15,789		6,171		-	106,580
Cost of goods sold		68,753	17,703		-	86,456		-		-		-	86,456
Supplies		1,446	772		1,764	3,982		15,070		983	11	1,854	31,889
Insurance		35,571	15,191		1,070	51,832		2,407		1,152		-	55,391
Other		2,334	36		236	2,606		7,048		90,969	119	9,912	220,535
Depreciation		182,459	 77,922		5,487	 265,868		12,347		7,134			 285,349
Total operating expenses	5	5,411,813	1,259,824		161,482	6,833,119		2,601,461		609,225	156	6,473	10,200,278
Amounts Reported in Total Support and Other													
Revenue on the Statement of Activities													
Cost of goods sold		(68,753)	(17,703)		-	(86,456)		-		-		-	(86,456)
Direct benefit to donors		-	 		-	 		-			(156	6,473)	 (156,473)
Total expenses	\$ 5	5,343,060	\$ 1,242,121	\$	161,482	\$ 6,746,664	\$	2,601,461	\$	609,225	\$		\$ 9,957,349

^{*} Reclassified to conform to current year presentation

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024		2023
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Change in net assets	\$	(172,603)	\$	3,182,383
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	Ψ	(172,000)	Ψ	0,102,000
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		261,212		285,349
Amortization of operating leases right-of-use assets		54,343		50,193
Realized and unrealized gain on investments		(693,860)		(242,738)
Donated investments		(000,000)		(184,177)
Provision for uncollectible promises to give		1,000		8,079
Change in discount on promises to give		9,345		(11,042)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		0,0.0		(: :, = :=)
Decrease (increase) in:				
Accounts receivable		1,278		(92,619)
Promises to give		1,506,469		(2,181,834)
Employee Retention Tax Credit receivable		-		277,858
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		41,126		(32,211)
Increase (decrease) in:		,		(- , ,
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		31,642		(71,947)
Advance ticket sales		57,999		(9,697)
Deferred tuition revenue		33,387		1,098
Operating lease liabilities		(54,883)		(49,599)
•		, ,		, ,
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,076,455		929,096
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Purchases of property and equipment		(321,085)		(122,682)
Purchases of investments		(3,294,869)		(5,749,758)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		976,153		2,182,000
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,639,801)		(3,690,440)
Net change in cash		(1,563,346)		(2,761,344)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		3,969,752		6,731,096
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	2,406,406	\$	3,969,752

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Ballet Arizona (the Ballet) was incorporated under the laws of Arizona in 1986. The mission of the Ballet is to develop and maintain a nationally recognized professional resident ballet company. The Ballet produces ballet performances staged primarily in Phoenix, Arizona. In addition, the Ballet also operates The School of Ballet Arizona and offers beginner through advanced level ballet programs for students and adults.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and accordingly reflect all significant receivables, payables and other liabilities. The Ballet reports information regarding their financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Ballet considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of ninety days or less at date of acquisition to be cash equivalents. Cash held in stock brokerage firms are reported as investments as they represent amounts used for the purchases and sales of investments and are excluded from this definition. Cash and highly liquid financial instruments restricted to endowments that are perpetual in nature, or other long-term purposes are also excluded from this definition.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist primarily of amounts due from students for instructional services and are carried at their outstanding balance net of an allowance for credit losses. The Ballet recognizes an allowance for credit losses for trade receivables to present the net amount expected to be collected as of the statement of financial position date. Such allowance is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the life of the asset which includes consideration of past events and historical loss experience, current events and also future events based on our expectation as of the statement of financial position date. Receivables are written off when the Ballet determined that such receivables are deemed uncollectible. The Ballet pools its receivables based on similar risk characteristics in estimating its expected credit losses. In situations where a receivable does not share the same risk characteristics with other receivables, the Ballet measures those receivables individually. The Ballet also continuously evaluates such pooling decisions and adjusts as needed from period to period as risk characteristics change.

The Ballet utilizes the loss rate method in determining its lifetime expected credit losses on its receivables. This method is used for calculating an estimate of losses based primarily on the Ballet's historical loss experience. In determining its loss rates, the Ballet evaluates information related to its historical losses, adjusted for current conditions and further adjusted for the period of time that can be reasonably forecasted. Qualitative and quantitative adjustments related to current conditions and the reasonable and supportable forecast period consider all the following: past due receivables, customer creditworthiness, changes in terms of receivables, effect of other external forces such as competition, and legal and regulatory requirements on the level of estimated credit losses in existing receivables. For trade receivables that are not expected to be collected within the normal business cycle, the Ballet considers current and forecasted direction of the economic and business environment. Such forecasted information includes: GDP Growth, unemployment rates and interest rates amongst others. Management has not recorded an allowance for credit losses as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give are recognized as revenues in the period the promise is made and as assets, decreases of liabilities or expenses depending on the form of the benefits received. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows. The discount on those amounts is computed using risk-free interest rates as determined by management applicable to the years in which the promises to give are received. Amortization of the discounts is reflected in contributions. An allowance for uncollectible promises to give has been established by management using a specific identification method and an additional allowance based on historical collections. Promises to give are charged off against the allowance when they are deemed to be uncollectible. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. The Ballet received conditional promises to give totaling \$300,000 for the year ended June 30, 2024 for future operating expenses of the Ballet.

Property and Equipment

Acquisitions of property and equipment in excess of \$2,000 are capitalized. Property and equipment are stated at cost, or if donated, at the approximate fair value at the date of gift to the Ballet. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

Major additions and improvements are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and gains and losses are included in operations.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Ballet reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Management does not believe impairment indicators are present.

Fair Value Measurements

A framework for measuring fair value has been established by Accounting Standards and provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Ballet has the ability to access.

Level 2 - Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified term (contractual term), the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement, and usually reflect the Ballet's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the assets (i.e., real estate valuations, broker quotes).

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Alternative investments are valued using net asset value of the shares held at year-end as the practical expedient for fair value.

Investments

Investments are measured at fair value or net asset value on the statements of financial position. Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, interest and dividends less external investment expenses) is included in the change in net assets in the statements of activities, unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law.

Risks and Uncertainty

The Ballet invests in various type of investments which are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amount reported in the statements of financial position.

Leasing Activities

The Ballet recognizes the assets and liabilities that arise from leases on the statements of financial position. At lease inception, leases are classified as either finance leases or operating leases with the associated right-of-use asset and lease liability measured at the net present value of future lease payments. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the date of commencement of the lease. Operating lease right-of-use assets are expensed on a straight-line basis as lease expense over the noncancelable lease term. The Ballet does not separate lease and nonlease components for all asset classes when determining the measurement of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. When the rate implicit in the lease is not determinable, rather than use the Ballet's incremental borrowing rate, the Ballet uses a risk-free discount rate for the initial and subsequent measurement of lease liabilities for all asset classes. In addition, the Ballet does not apply the recognition requirements to any leases with an original term of 12 months or less, for which the Ballet is not likely to exercise a renewal option or purchase the asset at the end of the lease; rather short-term leases are recorded on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

Right-of-use assets are assessed for impairment in accordance with the Ballet's long-lived asset policy. The Ballet reassesses lease classification when a lease is modified and the modification is not accounted for as a separate new lease or upon certain other events that require reassessment.

Certain of the Ballet's leases include options to renew or terminate the lease. The exercise of lease renewal or early termination options is at the Ballet's sole discretion. The Ballet regularly evaluates the renewal and early termination options and when they are reasonably certain of exercise, the Ballet includes such options in the lease term.

Endowment Funds

The Ballet's endowments consist of thirteen donor restricted funds and one board designated fund which are established for a variety of purposes. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Ballet follows Arizona's Management of Charitable Funds Act (MCFA) and its own governing documents. MCFA requires the preservation of endowment funds. When a donor's intent is not expressed, MCFA directs the Ballet to spend an amount that is prudent, consistent with the purposes of the fund, relevant economic factors and the donor's intent that the funds continue in perpetuity.

The Ballet classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The donor-restricted endowment fund also includes accumulated earnings in the fund that are also classified as net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Ballet in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by MCFA.

In accordance with MCFA, the Ballet considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds: (1) the duration and preservation of the various funds, (2) the purposes of the donor-restricted endowment funds, (3) general economic conditions, (4) the possible effect of inflation and deflation, (5) the expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments, (6) the Ballet's other resources, and (7) the Ballet's investment policies.

Investment Return Objectives, Risk Parameters and Strategies

The Ballet has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long-term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to achieve an after-cost total real rate of return, including investment income as well as capital appreciation, which exceeds the annual distribution with acceptable levels of risk. Endowment assets are invested in a well-diversified asset mix, which include, but are not limited to equities, bond funds, equity funds, alternative investments and cash equivalents.

Spending Policy

The Ballet has allowed for appropriation of distributions each year not to exceed 5.5% of its endowment fund's trailing three-year average of the total value of the fund. In establishing this policy, the Ballet considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. This is consistent with the Ballet's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term, as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

Revenue Recognition

Earned revenues where performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time with a single performance obligation consist of performance ticket sales, ticket handling fees, school tuition, and sales of merchandise. Payment for these services is due in advance of the performance and instruction, or at the time the goods and services are transferred. Revenue from ticket sales and ticket handling fees are recognized in the period that the related production takes place. Revenue from school tuition is recognized in the period the related educational instruction is performed. Retail sales are recorded in the period the sale of goods takes place and revenue is reported net of sales tax.

Accounts receivable include amounts due from students for instructional services provided during the year. Accounts receivable on the accompanying statements of financial position at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are \$108,779 and \$110,057, respectively. The balance of accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 is \$17,438.

Deferred revenue includes proceeds from advance ticket sales and event revenues received prior to the fiscal year in which the performance or event occurs. Tuition revenue received in advance of the educational instruction services being performed is recorded as deferred tuition revenue.

Contributions

Contributions received are recorded as either support with donor restrictions or as support without donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. All donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restriction. When a restriction expires, (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restrictions are accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

In-Kind Contributions

Contributions of nonmonetary assets (in-kind contributions) are recorded at their fair value in the period received. Contributions of donated services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased, if not provided by donated services, are recorded at their estimated fair value in the period received. The Ballet utilizes and depends on the services of volunteers to perform a variety of tasks that assist the Ballet with specific programs, campaign solicitations, and various committee assignments. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in the financial statements since the services did not require specialized skills and they were not susceptible to objective measurement.

Advertising

The Ballet uses advertising primarily to promote its performances to the audience it serves. Advertising and promotional costs are expensed as incurred. Advertising and promotional expense was approximately \$658,000 and \$661,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Measure of Operations

The Ballet's measure of operations is its changes in net assets from operating activities excluding investment return.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of functional expenses. Directly identifiable expenses are charged to program and supporting services. Certain employee positions are allocated based on time and effort. Other expenses, including supplies, publications, computers and software are allocated based on a full-time employee equivalent basis. Occupancy and depreciation expense are allocated based on square footage utilized by the function. Expenses related to more than one function are charged to program and supporting services based on an analysis of time and expenses.

Net Assets

The Ballet reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions - Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor or grantor restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve, employee investment reserve, strategic initiative, artistic reserve and board-designated endowment.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions - Net assets whose use is limited by donor-imposed time and/or purpose restrictions. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for acquisition of long-lived assets are released from restrictions when the assets are placed in service. Other donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Income Tax Status

The Ballet qualifies as a tax-exempt Ballet under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, therefore, there is no provision for income taxes. In addition, the Ballet qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170 of the code and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2). Income determined to be unrelated business taxable income (UBTI) would be taxable.

The Ballet recognizes uncertain tax positions in the financial statements when it is more-likely-than-not the positions will not be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities. At June 30, 2024 and 2023 the Ballet had no uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

The Ballet recognizes interest and penalties associated with income taxes in operating expenses. During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Ballet did not have any income tax related interest and penalty expense.

Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-13, *Measurement of Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326)*. The ASU introduces a new credit loss methodology, Current Expected Credit Losses (CECL), which requires earlier recognition of credit losses, while also providing additional transparency about credit risk. Since its original issuance in 2016, the FASB has issued several updates to the original ASU. For financial instruments included in the scope, the CECL methodology utilizes a lifetime "expected credit loss" measurement objective for the recognition of credit losses at the time the financial asset is originated or acquired. The expected credit losses are adjusted each period for changes in expected lifetime credit losses.

The methodology replaces the multiple existing impairment methods in current accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which generally require that a loss be incurred before it is recognized. On July 1, 2023, the Ballet adopted the ASU using the modified retrospective approach. The adoption of ASU 2016-13 had no impact on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Date of Management's Review

In preparing these financial statements, the Ballet has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 6, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. Liquidity and Availability

The following reflects the Ballet's financial assets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, reduced by amounts not available for general use within one year because of donor-imposed or other restrictions or internal designations. Amounts available include the Board-approved appropriation from the endowment funds for the following year as well as donor-restricted amounts that are available for expenditure in the following year for program activities. Amounts not available include amounts set aside for operating and other reserves that could be drawn upon if the Ballet approves that action.

	 2024	2023		
Current assets Inventory included in other current assets Prepaid expenses	\$ 3,187,873 (17,808) (96,274)	\$	5,172,863 (12,709) (138,652)	
Endowment spending appropriation Total	\$ 277,000 3,350,791	\$	189,000 5,210,502	
	 		<u> </u>	

The Ballet is striving to reach and sustain a balance of liquid financial assets sufficient to cover over 90 days of general expenditures. The Ballet conducts a periodic review of cash flows with the Board and conducts a thorough review of the operating budget with the Board during the budget approval process to ensure best practices in moving the Ballet towards sustainability and proper future maintenance of financial liquidity. The Ballet's working capital and cash flows have seasonal variations during the year due to the timing of performances. To manage liquidity the Ballet maintains a line of credit with a maximum available amount of \$750,000 with a bank that is drawn upon as needed during the year to manage cash flow.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

3. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Ballet to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and promises to give. The Ballet maintains its cash in bank accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Ballet has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash balances.

The Ballet had a concentration in promises to give for amounts due from two donors whose outstanding balances represented approximately 89% of total net promises to give as of June 30, 2024. The Ballet had a concentration in promises to give for amounts due from two donors whose outstanding balances represented approximately 80% of total net promises to give as of June 30, 2023. Credit risks related to these concentrations are limited due to the Ballet's relationships with the donors.

4. Promises to Give

Promises to give consist of the following as of June 30:

	2024	 2023
Promises to give due in less than one year Promises to give due in two to five years	\$ 1,398,425 100,000	\$ 2,795,894 210,000
Total promises to give	1,498,425	3,005,894
Discount to present value Allowance for uncollectible promises to give	(12,493) (10,000)	 (3,148) (10,000)
Net promises to give	1,475,932	2,992,746
Current portion	(1,398,425)	 (2,795,894)
Noncurrent portion	\$ 77,507	\$ 196,852
Promise to give, current Promise to give, restricted for long term purposes Promise to give, net of current portion	\$ 290,654 1,107,771 77,507	\$ 669,894 2,126,000 196,852
Total	\$ 1,475,932	\$ 2,992,746

The estimated future cash flows for promises to give are discounted over the collection period using a discount rate of 3.25% for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. Promises to give include approximately \$12,000 and \$7,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, from employees and members of the Board of Directors.

5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following on June 30:

	2024	 2023
Building and leasehold improvements Production equipment Office furniture and equipment	\$ 3,965,034 3,040,079 499,534	\$ 3,965,034 2,890,898 488,742
Website	107,100	 96,100
Accumulated depreciation	7,611,747 (4,830,324)	 7,440,774 (4,569,112)
Construction-in-progress	2,781,423 150,112	 2,871,662
Total	\$ 2,931,535	\$ 2,871,662

Construction-in-progress includes design and construction costs related to a solar panel project with an estimated cost of approximately \$375,000. The remaining commitment on this contract is approximately \$225,000 at June 30, 2024.

Depreciation expense was \$261,212 and \$285,349 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

6. Investments and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Investments with readily determinable fair values are measured at fair value in the statements of financial position as determined by quoted prices in active markets (Level 1). The investment in the real estate finance trust is an alternative investment measured at net asset value based on information provided by the investment fund manager. The following is a summary of investments measured at fair value and net asset value on a recurring basis as of June 30:

	2024								
	Level 1		Leve	el 2	Leve	13	Total		
Cash and money market funds Bond funds Exchange traded funds	\$	188,886 7,594,582 3,931,651	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	188,886 7,594,582 3,931,651	
Total investments measured at fair value	\$_	11,715,119	\$		\$			11,715,119	
Investment measured at net asset value: Real estate finance trust								168,211	
Total investments							\$	11,883,330	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2023							
	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		Total
Cash and money market funds Bond funds	\$	411,531 1,564,190	\$	-	\$	-	\$	411,531 1,564,190
Exchange traded funds Equity funds		3,900,311 2,810,522		-		<u>-</u>		3,900,311 2,810,522
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	8,686,554	\$		\$			8,686,554
Investment measured at net asset value: Real estate finance trust								184,200
Total investments							\$	8,870,754

In accordance with the FASB, certain investments that are measured using the net asset value per share as a practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The net asset value amounts presented in the above tables are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the statements of financial position.

In accordance with the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, the Ballet is required to disclose the nature and risks of the investments reported at net asset value (NAV). The following table summarizes the funding commitment and redemption restrictions of investments in a real estate finance trust as of June 30:

a det de el carle co.								
				202	24			
	Ne	ew Asset Value		nded nitment		demption requency		demption ice Period
Real Estate Finance Trust	\$	168,211	\$	-	C	Quarterly	30-0	day notice
				202	23			
	New Asset Unfunded Commitment		Redemption Frequency		Redemption Notice Period			
Real Estate Finance Trust	\$	184,200	\$	-	C	Quarterly	30-0	day notice
Investment return is summariz	ed as	follows for th	ie years e	nded June	30:			
						2024		2023
Interest and dividends Realized gain (loss) Unrealized gain (loss) Investment fees					\$	536,610 98,315 595,545 (41,577)	\$	407,633 (25,372) 268,110 (34,847)
Total investment	eturn				\$	1,188,893	\$	615,524

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

7. Deferred Revenues

The Ballet collects ticket revenue in advance of the next season and collects tuition revenue in advance of school services being performed for the students. These amounts received in advance are recorded as deferred revenue on the accompanying statements of financial position. The table below shows the activity in the deferred revenue accounts:

	Advance Ticket Sales			Deferred Tuition Revenue		
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	306,955	\$	158,565		
Revenue recognized Amounts received		(3,691,513) 3,681,816		(1,269,483) 1,270,581		
Balance at June 30, 2023		297,258		159,663		
Revenue recognized Amounts received		(3,674,585) 3,732,584		(1,189,752) 1,223,139		
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	355,257	\$	193,050		

8. Line of Credit

The Ballet has a line of credit with a financial institution which allows for maximum borrowings up to \$750,000. The line of credit bears interest at 0.55% over an index which is the prime rate as published in the Wall Street Journal, is secured by certain assets of the Ballet and matures in February 2025. The balance outstanding under the line is callable by the financial institution at any time. There was no outstanding balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. It is management's plan to renew the line of credit with its lender. While the line is significant to the Ballet's operation, management has a history of successfully renewing the line of credit and believes the renewal is probable.

9. Endowment Funds

The endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

	2024					
	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	
Board designated endowment funds Donor-restricted endowment funds:	\$	1,645,608	\$	-	\$	1,645,608
Original donor-restricted amounts		-		7,863,637		7,863,637
Accumulated investment earnings		_		752,100		752,100
	\$	1,645,608	\$	8,615,737	\$	10,261,345

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2023					
		hout Donor estrictions		/ith Donor estrictions		Total
Board designated endowment funds Donor-restricted endowment funds:	\$	1,245,750	\$	-	\$	1,245,750
Original donor-restricted amounts		-		6,748,366		6,748,366
Accumulated investment earnings				121,276		121,276
	\$	1,245,750	\$	6,869,642	\$	8,115,392

Changes in endowment funds for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total Endowment Funds	
Endowment funds, June 30, 2022	\$	1,130,242	\$	4,101,624	\$	5,231,866
Contributions Interest and dividends		26,000 69,000		2,511,428 257,856		2,537,428 326,856
Realized losses		(4,225)		(21,147)		(25,372)
Unrealized gains		70,094		198,366		268,460
Investment fees		(6,871)		(27,975)		(34,846)
Amounts appropriated for expenditure		(38,490)		(150,510)		(189,000)
Endowment funds, June 30, 2023		1,245,750		6,869,642		8,115,392
Contributions		241,048		1,115,271		1,356,319
Interest and dividends		73,302		290,677		363,979
Realized gains		20,000		78,315		98,315
Unrealized gains		115,964		492,953		608,917
Investment fees		(8,142)		(33,435)		(41,577)
Amounts appropriated for expenditure		(42,314)		(197,686)		(240,000)
Endowment funds, June 30, 2024	\$	1,645,608	\$	8,615,737	\$	10,261,345

Donor restricted endowment funds include \$1,107,771 and \$2,100,000 that are included in promises to give at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Board designated endowment funds include \$0 and \$26,000 that are included in promises to give at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. All other endowment funds are included in investments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

10. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions consist of the following on June 30:

	2024		2024 2023	
Purpose restricted: Education and community development Performances Marketing and development Other	\$	630,808 16,454 - 8,829 656,091	\$	678,250 30,150 25,387 6,350 740,137
Time and purpose restricted: Performances Other		362,144 9,649 371,793		677,324 1,311 678,635
Time restricted: Promises to give, net of discount and allowance		95,169		322,198
Endowment funds: Portion of perpetual endowment funds that are required to be permanently retained Portion of perpetual endowment funds subject to a restriction under MCFA		7,863,637 752,100		6,748,366 121,276
		8,615,737		6,869,642
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$	9,738,790	\$	8,610,612

11. Net Assets Released From Restriction

Donor restricted net assets released from restriction during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 consist of the following:

	2024			2023
Purpose restricted:				
Education and community engagement	\$	213,762	\$	62,310
Performances	•	189,081	•	376,441
Solar project		80,000		-
Security		36,218		-
Rentals		30,593		-
Marketing		25,387		20,400
Gala		-		176,574
Assistive hearing				22,338
Other		54,790		41,775
Amounts appropriated for expenditure from donor restricted endowment funds		197,686		150,510
		_		_
		827,517		850,348
Time and purpose restricted:				
Performances		483,125		673,585
Scholarships		-		95,000
Other		92,695		86,844
		575,820		855,429
Time restricted:				
Promises to give		367,524		43,292
Total net assets released from restriction	\$	1,770,861	\$	1,749,069

12. Board Designated Net Assets

Board designated net assets consist of the following at June 30:

	2024		 2023
Endowment fund Employee investment reserve Strategic initiative Operating reserve Artistic reserve	\$	1,645,608 1,036,010 822,407 703,131	\$ 1,245,750 984,739 922,565 668,146 121,712
	\$	4,207,156	\$ 3,942,912

13. Government Grants

Employee Retention Tax Credit

On March 27, 2020, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the U.S. Congress enacted the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act, which among other things, contains an employee retention tax credit (ERTC). On December 27, 2020, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 was signed into law, which among other things, provides the retroactive ability for entities that received PPP loans to also obtain the ERTC. The ERTC allows, based on certain eligibility rules, for a credit against certain payroll taxes based on a percentage of wages paid to each employee commencing on March 13, 2020, and through September 30, 2021, to be paid by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Eligibility and the amount of the credit is determined on a quarter-by-quarter basis throughout 2020 and through the third quarter of 2021 based on various factors including, the number of full-time employees employed during 2019, whether there was a partial or full shutdown of the business due to government orders and/or whether a certain percentage decline of gross receipts occurred during each quarter in 2020 or 2021 versus the same quarter in 2019. The Ballet has determined that it has qualified for the credit for certain quarters in the available time period. As a result, the Ballet has recognized this wage credit in the amount of \$26,076 during the year ended June 30, 2023, as Employee Retention Tax Credit income on the accompanying statement of activities. An additional amount was recognized as income during the year ended June 30, 2022. This income was determined to meet the definitions of a conditional contribution where the income is recognized when the conditions are substantially met. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, \$265,352 is included in Employee Retention Tax Credit receivable on the accompanying statement of financial position which represents the remaining amount not yet paid by the IRS. The Ballet is subject to possible audit or investigation by the IRS to determine whether the tax credit amounts were used for allowable purposes and whether the Ballet met the eligibility requirements relating to decreased revenue.

14. In-Kind Contributions

Donated materials and services consist of the following for the years ended June 30:

	2024		2023	
Production services	\$	98,858	\$	136,197
Audio/visual services		26,440		25,000
Other		24,367		4,097
Total in-kind contributions	<u>\$</u>	149,665	\$	165,294

Production services are valued based on the current market rate for production services provided by the production companies operating in the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. These amounts were used in the production program and there was no restriction related to these donated services.

Audio/visual services and other are valued based on the current rates provided by the vendor operating in the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. These amounts were used in fundraising supporting services and there was no restriction related to these donated services.

15. Leasing Activities

The Ballet has an operating agreement with the City of Phoenix under which the Ballet is contracted to occupy and manage a 52,864 square foot facility owned by the City in exchange for an annual usage/service arrangement as described below. The operating agreement expires on August 31, 2037. The Ballet is responsible for all operating expenses and improvements. The agreement requires the Ballet occupy and use the premises for the purpose of creating a headquarters for the Ballet, a community Ballet, rehearsal space, civic space and a school of dance/ballet, as well as other performing or visual arts. In accordance with the operating agreement, the Ballet will also use the facility to provide educational and cultural activities related to ballet, and access to ballet classes, rehearsals and performances to members of the public who may not otherwise have access to such cultural activities.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the estimated fair value of the facilities provided by the City of Phoenix approximates the value of services provided to the City by the Ballet in accordance with the operating agreement. Accordingly, the Ballet has determined that no donated facilities revenue or expense is necessary to be recorded for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Right-of-use assets represent the Ballet's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, while lease liabilities represent the Ballet's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The Ballet leases storage space and office equipment under operating lease agreements that expire at various dates through April 2026. The agreements require monthly payments ranging from approximately \$113 to \$2,800. Subsequent to the year end June 30, 2024, the Ballet entered into a lease agreement for office equipment and amended a warehouse space lease requiring monthly rental payments ranging from \$1,315 to \$2,808 expiring through June 2029. The commencement dates for these leases were subsequent to June 30, 2024 and therefore are not included in the right-of-use assets or operating lease liabilities as of June 30, 2024.

The Ballet also leases facilities, sets, costumes, equipment, and vehicles during the year for its performances, auditions, and summer intensive programs. These rentals are considered short-term leases and are recorded as lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Ballet made significant assumptions and judgments relating to leases. In particular, the Ballet:

- Evaluated whether a contract contains a lease, by considering factors such as whether the Ballet
 obtained substantially all rights to control an identifiable underlying asset and whether the lessor
 has substantive substitution rights.
- Determined whether contracts contain embedded leases.

The Ballet does not have any material leasing transactions with any related parties.

The following table summarizes the operating lease right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities as of June 30:

	2024		2023	
Operating leases:	ф	42.000	ф	07.400
Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$	43,096	\$	97,439
Current operating lease liabilities	\$	25,010	\$	54,883
Long-term operating lease liabilities		18,140		43,150
Total operating lease liabilities	\$	43,150	\$	98,033

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

Below is a summary of expenses incurred pertaining to leases during the years ended June 30:

	2024		2023	
Operating lease expense Short-term lease expense	\$	56,453 706,369	\$	53,699 710,919
Total operating lease liabilities	<u></u> \$	762,822	\$	764,618

The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities were calculated using a weighted average discount rate and weighted average remaining lease term at June 30 of the following:

	2024	2023
Weighted average discount rate	2.86%	2.90%
Weighted average remaining lease term	1.69 years	2.17 years

The table below summarizes the Ballet's approximate future minimum lease payments for years ending after June 30, 2024:

Years ending June 30: 2025 2026	\$ 25,875 18,377
Total lease payments	44,252
Less present value discount	(1,102)
Total lease liabilities	43,150
Less current portion	(25,010)
Long-term lease liabilities	\$ 18.140

The following table includes supplemental cash flow and noncash information related to the leases for the year ended June 30:

	2024	2023	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:			
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 56,993	\$ 53,105	